A Statistical Research on China Eldercare Service: 
Take Haining City as Example

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Abstract: These staggering statistics show that the need for eldercare is universal in China. It is important to gain information about the type of care needed, the reasons why care is needed and the quality of life among most elderly people living in lower-pension or at disabled. Thus a study was performed to investigate people aged 60 years and older in Haining City. The survey was designed to choose 5% of people aged 60 years and older in the city as samples. The questionnaire covered sex, age, living conditions, civil status, numbers of children, respondents' health status, quality of life, help from another person, and the type and amount of help received. Investigators filled all of the questionnaires after face-to-face interviews. The raw data was processed by SPSS, before the research report was presented. After the descriptive analysis results are mainly concluded. Supported by the survey of eldercare service in Haining City, Zhejiang province, this paper has made an analysis of eldercare needs and home care service. It aims to propose the better methods for the senior citizens to get more professional service, which are different from traditional family care in China. Moreover, it has provided some suggestions for the local government to make better eldercare plans and policies.

Key Words: Family care, Institutional care, Home care, Haining